

חשבון דיפרנציאלי ואינטגרלי 2

פרק 1 - חישוב נגזרת של פונקציה

תוכן העניינים

1. כללי הגזירה (ללא ספר)
2. תרגול בכללי הגזירה 1
3. תרגילים נוספים לפי סוגים (ללא ספר)

תרגול בכללי הגזירה

שאלות

גזור פעמיים את הפונקציות הבאות (בשאלות 27-35 מצא רק את הנגזרת הראשונה):

$$f(x) = \frac{2x^2}{(x+1)^2} \quad (3) \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 5x + 6}{2x + 10} \quad (2) \quad f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x + 4}{2x} \quad (1)$$

$$f(x) = \left(\frac{x+1}{x-1} \right)^3 \quad (6) \quad f(x) = \frac{x^3}{(x+1)^2} \quad (5) \quad f(x) = \frac{x^3}{x^2 - 4} \quad (4)$$

$$f(x) = x \cdot \ln x \quad (9) \quad f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{\sqrt{x}} \quad (8) \quad f(x) = \frac{\ln x}{x} \quad (7)$$

$$f(x) = \ln^2 x + 2 \ln x - 32 \quad (12) \quad f(x) = \ln \sqrt{\frac{1}{2-x}} \quad (11) \quad f(x) = x^2 \cdot \ln x \quad (10)$$

$$f(x) = (x+2) \cdot e^{\frac{1}{x}} \quad (15) \quad f(x) = e^{\frac{1}{x}} \quad (14) \quad f(x) = \ln^2 x + \frac{1}{\ln^2 x} \quad (13)$$

$$f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x^2 - 1} \quad (18) \quad f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x^2} \quad (17) \quad f(x) = x \cdot e^{-2x^2} \quad (16)$$

$$f(x) = \cos(x^4) \quad (21) \quad f(x) = \sin(x^3) \quad (20) \quad f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x^2} (1-x) \quad (19)$$

$$f(x) = \ln(\cos x^2) \quad (24) \quad f(x) = \tan(x^2) \quad (23) \quad f(x) = \sin^3 x \quad (22)$$

$$f(x) = (x+1)^{\sin x} \quad (27) \quad f(x) = \arctan(x^2) \quad (26) \quad f(x) = \arcsin(2x+3) \quad (25)$$

$$y = x^{\ln x} \quad (30) \quad f(x) = (\cos x)^{\ln x} \quad (29) \quad f(x) = (\sin x)^x \quad (28)$$

$$y = \left(\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{x} \right)^{\sqrt{x}} \quad (33) \quad y = x^{\sqrt{x}} \quad (32) \quad y = \sqrt[3]{x} \quad (31)$$

$$y = (x+1)^{(x+1)} \quad (35) \quad y = (x^2 + 1)^x \quad (34)$$

הערה: בשאלות 28 ו-29 נציג שתי דרכי פתרון. מומלץ לצפות בשתייהן.

תשובות סופיות

$$f'(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 8}{4x^2}, \quad f''(x) = \frac{4}{x^3} \quad (1)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2x^2 + 20x - 62}{(2x + 10)^2}, \quad f''(x) = \frac{448}{(2x + 10)^3} \quad (2)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{4x}{(x+1)^3}, \quad f''(x) = \frac{4(1-2x)}{(x+1)^4} \quad (3)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{x^2(x^2 - 12)}{(x^2 - 4)^2}, \quad f''(x) = \frac{4x \cdot (2x^2 + 24)}{(x^2 - 4)^3} \quad (4)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{x^2(x+3)}{(x+1)^3}, \quad f''(x) = \frac{6x}{(x+1)^4} \quad (5)$$

$$f'(x) = -\frac{6(x+1)^2}{(x-1)^4}, \quad f''(x) = 12 \frac{(x+1)(x+3)}{(x-1)^5} \quad (6)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1 - \ln x}{x^2}, \quad f''(x) = \frac{2 \ln x - 3}{x^3} \quad (7)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2 - \ln x}{2x^{1.5}}, \quad f''(x) = \frac{3 \ln x - 8}{4x^{2.5}} \quad (8)$$

$$f'(x) = \ln x + 1, \quad f''(x) = \frac{1}{x} \quad (9)$$

$$f'(x) = x(2 \ln x + 1), \quad f''(x) = 2 \ln x + 3 \quad (10)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{2(2-x)}, \quad f''(x) = \frac{1}{(4-2x)^2} \quad (11)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2}{x}(\ln x + 1), \quad f''(x) = \frac{-2 \ln x}{x^2} \quad (12)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2}{x} \left[\frac{(\ln x)^4 - 1}{(\ln x)^3} \right], \quad f''(x) = -\frac{2}{x^2} \left\{ \frac{(\ln x)^5 - (\ln x)^4 - (\ln x) - 3}{(\ln x)^4} \right\} \quad (13)$$

$$f'(x) = e^{\frac{1}{x}} \cdot \left(-\frac{1}{x^2}\right), \quad f''(x) = e^{\frac{1}{x}} \left(\frac{1+2x}{x^4}\right) \quad (14)$$

$$f'(x) = e^{\frac{1}{x}} \left(\frac{x^2 - x - 2}{x^2}\right), \quad f''(x) = e^{\frac{1}{x}} \left(\frac{5x+2}{x^4}\right) \quad (15)$$

$$f'(x) = e^{-2x^2} (1 - 4x^2), \quad f''(x) = -4xe^{-2x^2} (3 - 4x^2) \quad (16)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2}{3 \cdot \sqrt[3]{x}}, \quad f''(x) = -\frac{2}{9 \cdot \sqrt[3]{x^4}} \quad (17)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2x}{3\sqrt[3]{(x^2-1)^2}}, \quad f''(x) = \frac{2}{3} \cdot \frac{-\frac{1}{3}x^2 - 1}{(x^2-1)^{5/3}} \quad (18)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2-5x}{3\sqrt[3]{x}}, \quad f''(x) = -\frac{2}{9} \cdot \frac{1+5x}{\sqrt[3]{x^4}} \quad (19)$$

$$f'(x) = \cos(x^3) \cdot 3x^2, \quad f''(x) = -9x^4 \sin(x^3) + 6x \cdot \cos(x^3) \quad (20)$$

$$f'(x) = -\sin(x^4) \cdot 4x^3, \quad f''(x) = -16x^6 \cos(x^4) - 12x^2 \cdot \sin(x^4) \quad (21)$$

$$f'(x) = 3\sin^2 x \cdot \cos x, \quad f''(x) = 6\sin x \cos^2 x - 3\sin^3 x \quad (22)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2x}{\cos^2(x^2)}, \quad f''(x) = \frac{2 \cdot \cos^2(x^2) - 8x^2 \cos(x^2) \sin(x^2)}{\cos^4(x^2)} \quad (23)$$

$$f'(x) = \tan(x^2) \cdot (-2x), \quad f''(x) = \frac{-4x^2}{\cos^2(x^2)} - 2\tan(x^2) \quad (24)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-(2x+3)^2}} \cdot 2, \quad f''(x) = \frac{4(2x+3)}{(1-(2x+3)^2)^{1.5}} \quad (25)$$

$$f'(x) = \frac{2x}{1+x^4}, \quad f''(x) = \frac{2-6x^4}{(1+x^4)^2} \quad (26)$$

$$f'(x) = x^{\sin x} \left(\cos x \cdot \ln(x+1) + \frac{\sin x}{x+1} \right) \quad (27)$$

$$f'(x) = (\sin x)^x (\ln(\sin x) + \cot x \cdot x) \quad (28)$$

$$f'(x) = (\cos x)^{\ln x} \cdot \left(\frac{\ln(\cos x)}{x} - \tan x \cdot \ln x \right) \quad (29)$$

$$y' = x^{\ln x} \left(\frac{2 \ln x}{x} \right) \quad (30)$$

$$y' = x^{\frac{1}{x}-2} (1 - \ln x) \quad (31)$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \cdot x^{\sqrt{x}} \left(\frac{\ln x}{2} + 1 \right) \quad (32)$$

$$y' = \left(\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{x} \right)^{\sqrt{x}} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} \cdot \ln \left(\sqrt{x} + \frac{1}{x} \right) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{x + \frac{1}{x}}} \left(\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}} - \frac{1}{x^2} \right) \cdot \sqrt{x} \right) \quad (33)$$

$$y' = (x^2 + 1)^x \left(1 \cdot \ln(x^2 + 1) + \frac{1}{x^2 + 1} \cdot 2x \cdot x \right) \quad (34)$$

$$y' = (x+1)^{(x+1)} [\ln(x+1) + 1] \quad (35)$$